UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 2012 OCT 12 PM

DEVAWNE DOWLING.

U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF HEW YORK

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff.

-against-

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, P.O. LUKE GASOUEZ. Shield No. 2897, Individually and in his Official Capacity and P.O.'s "JOHN DOE" #1-10, Individually and in their Official Capacity (the name John Doe being fictitious, as the true names are presently unknown),

GARAUFIS,

Defendants.

Plaintiff, DEVAWNE DOWLING, by his attorneys, Cohen & Fitch LLP, complaining of the defendants, respectfully alleges as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Plaintiff brings this action for compensatory damages, punitive damages and 1. attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988 for violations of his civil rights, as said rights are secured by said statutes and the Constitutions of the State of New York and the United States.

JURISDICTION

- This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and the 2. Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
 - Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343 and 1367. 3.

VENUE

4. Venue is properly laid in the Eastern District of New York under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that this is the District in which the claim arose.

JURY DEMAND

5. Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury of all issues in this matter pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b).

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING is an African American male and was at all relevant times a resident of the City and State of New York.
- 7. Defendant, the City of New York, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
- 8. Defendant, the City of New York, maintains the New York City Police Department, a duly authorized public authority and/or police department, authorized to perform all functions of a police department as per the applicable sections of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, acting under the direction and supervision of the aforementioned municipal corporation, the City of New York.
- 9. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the individually named defendants, P.O. LUKE GASQUEZ and P.O.s "JOHN DOE" #1-10, were duly sworn police officers of said department and were acting under the supervision of said department and according to their official duties.
- 10. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the defendants, either personally or through their employees, were acting under color of state law and/or in compliance with the official rules, regulations, laws, statutes, customs, usages and/or practices of the State or City of New York.
 - 11. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants

while acting within the scope of their employment by defendant, City of New York.

12. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants while acting in furtherance of their employment by defendant, City of New York.

FACTS

- 13. On or about September 17, 2011, at approximately 10:30 p.m., plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING was lawfully present in the vicinity of 96th Street and 30th Avenue, in Queens County in the City and State of New York.
- 14. At the aforementioned time and place, plaintiff observed defendant officers searching his brother and attempted to find out what was happening.
- 15. Despite the fact that plaintiff had not acted unlawfully in any way, defendants arrested him and charged him with Obstructing Governmental Administration in the Second Degree.
- 16. At no time on September 17, 2011 did plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING obstruct governmental administration.
- 17. At no time on September 17, 2011 did defendants possess information that would lead a reasonable officer to believe probable cause existed to arrest plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING.
- 18. In connection with plaintiffs' arrest, defendants filled out false and misleading police reports and forwarded these reports to prosecutors in the Queens County District Attorney's Office.
- 19. Thereafter, defendants repeatedly gave false and misleading testimony regarding the facts and circumstances of plaintiff's arrest.
- 20. Specifically, defendants falsely and knowingly alleged that plaintiff interfered with defendant officers while defendant officers were issuing a summons to another individual.
 - 21. As a result of his unlawful arrest, plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING spent

approximately twenty-four (24) hours in jail before the proceedings against him were adjourned in contemplation of dismissal on September 18, 2011.

22. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING sustained, *inter alia*, loss of liberty, emotional distress, mental anguish, shock, fright, apprehension, embarrassment and humiliation, and deprivation of his constitutional rights.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF <u>DEPRIVATION OF FEDERAL CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983</u>

- 23. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "22" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 24. All of the aforementioned acts of defendants, their agents, servants and employees were carried out under the color of law.
- 25. All of the aforementioned acts deprived plaintiffs of the rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed to citizens of the United States by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America, and in violation of 42 U.S.C. §1983.
- 26. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, with all the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.
- 27. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, pursuant to the customs, usages, practices, procedures, and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.
- 28. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, engaged in conduct which constituted a custom, usage, practice, procedure or rule of his/her respective municipality/authority, which is forbidden by the Constitution of the United States.
 - 29. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff sustained, inter alia, loss of liberty, emotional

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distress, mental anguish, shock, fright, apprehension, embarrassment and humiliation, and deprivation of his constitutional rights.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF FALSE ARREST UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 30. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "29" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 31. As a result of defendants' aforementioned conduct, plaintiff was subjected to an illegal, improper and false arrest by the defendants and taken into custody and caused to be falsely imprisoned, detained, confined, incarcerated and prosecuted by the defendants in criminal proceedings, without any probable cause, privilege or consent.
- 32. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff's liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, he was put in fear for his safety, and was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF DENIAL OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO FAIR TRIAL UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 33. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "32" as if the same were more fully set forth at length herein.
 - 34. Defendants created false evidence against plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING.
- 35. Specifically, falsely and knowingly alleged that plaintiff interfered with defendant officers while defendant officers were issuing a summons to another individual.
- 36. Defendants forwarded false evidence and false information to prosecutors in the Queens County District Attorney's office.

- 37. Defendants misled the prosecutors by creating false evidence against plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING and thereafter providing false testimony throughout the criminal proceedings.
- 38. In creating false evidence against plaintiff DEVAWNE DOWLING, in forwarding false evidence and information to prosecutors, and in providing false and misleading sworn statements, defendants violated plaintiff's constitutional right to a fair trial under the Due Process Clause of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
- 39. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff's liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, he was put in fear for his safety, and he was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing and other physical restraints without probable cause.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF MUNICIPAL LIABILITY

- 40. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "39" as if the same were more fully set forth at length herein.
- 41. Defendants arrested and incarcerated plaintiff in the absence of any evidence of criminal wrongdoing, notwithstanding their knowledge that said arrest and incarceration would jeopardize plaintiff's liberty, well-being, safety and constitutional rights.
- 42. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials, with all the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.
- 43. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials pursuant to the customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures, and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.

- 44. The aforementioned customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department include, but are not limited to, the following unconstitutional practices:
 - a) arresting individuals regardless of probable cause in order to inflate the officer's arrest statistics;
 - b) arresting innocent persons notwithstanding the existence of credible evidence which exonerates the accused of any criminal wrongdoing;
- 45. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department constituted a deliberate indifference to the safety, well-being and constitutional rights of plaintiff.
- 46. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the direct and proximate cause of the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff as alleged herein.
- 47. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the moving force behind the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff as alleged herein.
- 48. As a result of the foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, plaintiff was incarcerated unlawfully.
- 49. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, were directly and actively involved in violating the constitutional rights of plaintiff.
- 50. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, acquiesced in a pattern of unconstitutional conduct by subordinate police officers, and were directly responsible for the violation of plaintiff's constitutional rights.

- 51. All of the foregoing acts by defendants deprived plaintiff of federally protected rights, including, but not limited to, the right:
 - A. Not to be deprived of liberty without due process of law;
 - B. To be free from seizure and arrest not based upon probable cause;
 - C. Not to have summary punishment imposed upon him; and
 - D. To receive equal protection under the law.
- 52. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages and is further entitled to punitive damages against the individual defendants.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully requests judgment against defendants as follows:

- i. an order awarding compensatory damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
- ii. an order awarding punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
- iii. reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988; and
- iv. directing such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper, together with attorneys' fees, interest, costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated: New York, New York October 11, 2011

JOSHUA FITCH

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